





Navigating Higher Education Options

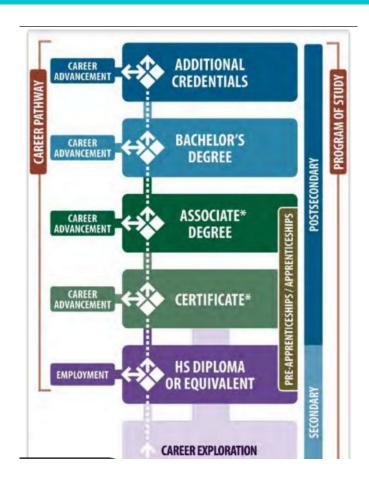
What should I consider when exploring postsecondary options?

Scope of Presentation

Includes:

- The Value of Education
- Higher Education Options
- Types of financial aid
- Resources/Support Services/Websites/Tools
- CREATE/EAOP
- Upcoming Career Pathways Program for High School Students

Higher Education Options



Four-year Colleges and Universities

- Usually offers a bachelor's degree in the arts (e.g., English, history, drama) or sciences (e.g., biology, computer science, engineering)
- Most four-year colleges also offer advanced degrees, such as master's degrees (typically 2 more years of study), doctorates (typically 6 more years of study), and professional degrees (varies).

About Two-year Colleges

- Community college or junior college awards an associate degree
- Most offer diplomas and certificates to students who have met course requirements and are ready to practice in their career fields.
- You can start at a two-year college then transfer to a four-year college

About Career Schools

- Career schools typically offer programs that take two years or less to complete. These schools provide students with formal classes and hands-on experiences related to their future career interests. Students may earn a diploma or a certificate, prepare for a licensing exam, or study to begin work as an apprentice or a journeyman in a skilled trade.
- Partnerships with other organizations like San Diego Workforce Partnership that allow you to "earn as you learn"

The University of California (UC) System



- 10 Campuses
- Considers the top 12% of HS graduating seniors
 - Admit rates depend on specific UC (Fall 23)*
 - UC San Diego
 - First Year: 24.7%
 - Transfer: 62.4%
 - UC Irvine
 - First Year: 25.7%
 - Transfer: 43.4%
 - UC Merced
 - First Year: 88.3%
 - Transfer: 66%
 - UCLA
 - Frist Tear: 8.8%
 - Transfer: 25.8%
- Campuses emphasize research disciplines
- Lower acceptance rates
- Comprehensive review factors
 - First-year
 - <u>Transfer</u>
- Personal Insight Questions
- Website: https://www.universityofcalifornia.edu/

^{*}Please be cautious in drawing conclusions from this information. The numbers are useful only as a general guide to selectivity and not as a predictor of your chances for admission to a particular campus.

California State University (CSU) System



California State University (CSU)

CSU Website: www.csumentor.edu

CA Polytechnic State University, San Luis Obispo

CA Polytechnic State University, Pomona

CSU, Bakersfield

CSU, Channel Islands

CSU, Chico

CSU, Domingues Hills

CSU, East Bay

CSU, Fresno

CSU, Fullerton

CSU, Long Beach

CSU, Los Angeles

CA Maritime Academy CSU, Monterey Bay

CSU, Northridge

CSU Sacramento

CSU, San Bernardino

CSU. San Marcos

CSU, Sonoma

CSU, Stanislaus

Humbolt State University

San Diego State University

San Francisco State University

San Jose State University

23 campuses

 Considers the top 33% of HS graduating seniors

 Campuses emphasize practical, career-focused training

 Lower tuition rates than a UC or private

No essays required

Admission Requirements

• Website:

https://www.calstate.edu/

California Community College (CC) System

- Low cost
- Easy application process
- Good for students figuring out career interests
- Higher transfer acceptance rates at competitive 4 year institutions
- Accept student with High School Diploma/equivalent or those 18 or older

San Diego and Imperial Region Career Education 2 Counties
6 Community
College
Districts
10 Community
Colleges
25 K12
Districts
92 High
Schools
6 Adult
Schools

Private Universities

- In addition to 145 public colleges and universities, California has about 200 private nonprofit colleges and more than 1,000 private for-profit colleges.
- These include:
 - Stanford
 - University of Southern California (USC)
 - University of San Diego (USD)
 - California Institute of Technology (Cal TECH)
 - Among many more!
- Tend to be most expensive option, but may offer larger financial aid packages

Understanding College Money



GRANTS

FREE MONEY!!! Money you don't have to repay and are typically based on financial need.



SCHOLARSHIPS
Free money for college and are usually based on your area of study or merit, such as good grades, high test scores, athletic, musical or other special talents, community service, and sometimes financial need.



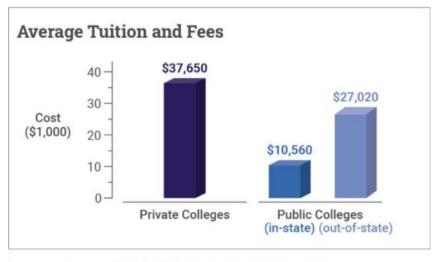
WORK-STUDY

Federal and College funded – let you earn money in certain jobs on or off campus to help pay for your education.



LOANS

Borrowed money that you must pay back, with interest.



Source: College Board, Trends in College Pricing and Student Aid, 2020.

Interactive Game

Time for Payback (Click here)



Myths vs. Reality

- Only students with good grades go to college?
- I need to go to a 4 year college to be a high earner?
- I can't go to college because I don't know what I want to do with my life.
- I won't qualify for financial aid so why apply?
 - New formulas and thresholds are being used to calculate financial need. Apply regardless!
 - Seventy-one percent of all college students working toward bachelor's degrees received some sort of financial aid.
 - At public colleges, 58 percent of students received grants and 34 percent of students took out loans.
 - At private colleges, 73 percent of students received grants and 65 percent of students took out loans.
 - National Center for Education Statistics reported that 87% of first-time, full-time undergraduate students received financial aid through scholarships, grants or student loans.

The Value of Pursuing Postsecondary Education

The Value of Higher Education

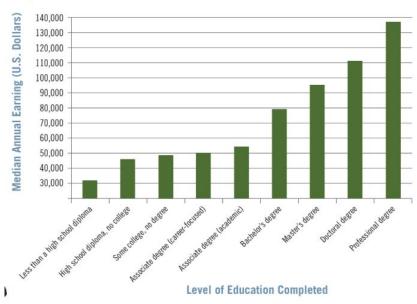
More career opportunities

Career School	Two-year College	Four-year College	More Than Four Year	
Barber or hairstylist	Bookkeeper	Accountant	Archaeologist	
Carpenter	Childcare worker	Athletic trainer	trainer Architect	
Disc jockey (deejay)	Computer and office equipment repairer	Computer programmer Astronaut or aerospace engineer		
Electrician	Dental hygienist*	Conservation scientist	College professor	
Plumber	Firefighter*	Engineer	Dentist	
	Mechanic	FBI agent	Doctor	
	Nurse*	Graphic designer	Judge	
	Paralegal	High school coach	Lawyer	
	Physical therapist assistant	Industrial designer	Minister, priest, or rabbi	
	Restaurant manager†	Pilot	Pharmacist	
	Web developer	Probation officer	Principal	
	Zookeeper*	Reporter	Psychologist	
		Social worker	Scientist	
		Sportscaster/news reporter	Urban planner	
		Teacher**	Veterinarian	
		Writer		

^{*} Note: You can also train for these jobs at a four-year college. Why do that? Because more education usually means more earnings!

Higher Earning Potential

Pay Based on Level of Education*



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey, 2016. *Note: Data are 2016 annual averages for full-time workers age 25 and over.

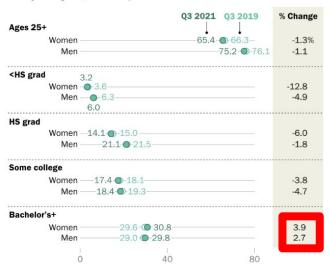
[†] Note: You don't need a two-year degree to be a manager, but managers with a degree may get hired faster and earn more money during their careers.

^{**} Note: Teaching in K-12 often requires certification and thus more than a bachelor's degree; teaching college usually requires a master's and/or doctoral degree.

The Value of Higher Education (cont.)

Greater job stability

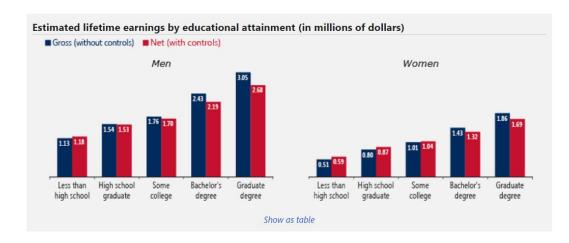
Labor force ages 25 and older, in millions



Note: Estimates refer to civilians ages 25 and older who are either employed or actively looking for work and are not seasonally adjusted. "Some college" includes those with an associate degree and those who attended college but did not obtain a degree. Source: Pew Research Center analysis of July, August and September Current Population Survey monthly files (IPUMS).

PEW RESEARCH CENTER

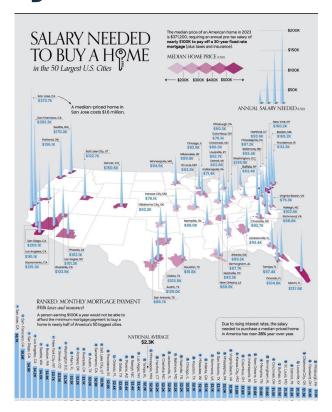
Greater lifetime earnings



Additional Benefits:

- Unique life experiences
- Social capital
- Global Perspectives

Today's Economic Costs



What does it mean to earn a livable wage?

San Diego ranks as least affordable city in the nation to buy a home

PUBLISHED DES AM PT APPL TO, 2022

	1 ADULT			
	0 Children	1 Child	2 Children	3 Children
Living Wage	\$22.74	\$45.20	\$55.77	\$75.87
Poverty Wage	\$6.19	\$8.38	\$10.56	\$12.74
Minimum Wage	\$15.00	\$15.00	\$15.00	\$15.00

What You Need To Know

- A report says San Diego tops the list for having the nation's most unaffordable housing market
- . San Diego beat out Los Angeles and San Francisco as the least affordable city to buy a home
- . Experts say the reason is that San Diego wages have not caught up with skyrocketing housing prices
- . Experts say the gap between salary and housing prices is driving people out of San Diego

Career Pathways



"What are my options and how do I make sense of which is best?"

Start with Self-Awareness

What am I interested in?

What are my strengths?

Where do I want to live/study?

What experiences do I wish to have?

How much do I want to earn in my career?

What type of lifestyle do I want to have?

What size school do I want to attend?



Find your Purpose • Be Future Ready

What you

love

Ikigai

Purpose

What

you can be

paid for

MISSION

VOCATION

What

the world

needs

PASSION

PROFESSION

What

you are

good at

- · Know your strengths, interests and values
- · Explore the kinds of problems you want to one day solve
- · Discover the many career options you have to choose from
- · Self manage time, workload and activities to achieve your goal
- · Build a growth mindset
- · Value and connect learning to college and career
- · Explore career pathway options and map out a plan that fits you
- · Develop study skills and meet or exceed grade level expectations in each discipline
- · Study models of success and articulate what success looks like
- develop skills



- · Learn about high wage, high growth jobs
 - · Develop the essential skills you will need to get hired and keep a job.
 - · Know the problems that need to be solved and the careers that work to solve them.

ADVANCED MANUFACTURING EDUCATION & HUMAN DEVELOPMENT	HIGH WAGE-	
ENERGY, CONSTRUCTION & UTILITIES	INDUSTRY	
LIFE SCIENCE & BIOTECHNOLOGY	SECTORS	
HEALTH CARE		
INFORMATION & COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGIES (ICT) AND DIGITAL MEDI	COUNTY	
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION 5	ing more information on promp seco	

- · Learn the salary you need to afford the lifestyle you want
- · Understand return on investment for time and education
- · Balance income and quality of life
- · Explore career trajectories



www.SDCOE.net/CTE bit.ly/CCRsdcoe jewyl.alderson@sdcoe.net









Collaboration













Make use of Tools

Financial/Cost of Living/Cost of College

- https://livingwage.mit.edu/counties/06073
- https://collegecost.ed.gov/net-price

Strengths/Interests/Competencies

- https://www.onetcenter.org/WIL.html
- https://www.mynextmove.org/explore/ip
- https://www.gallup.com/cliftonstrengths/en/252137/home.aspx
- https://workforce.org/san-diego-jobs/my-next-move-2/riasec/

College/Career/Vocational School Search Tools

- https://www.dir.ca.gov/databases/das/aigstart.asp
- https://bigfuture.collegeboard.org/college-search/filters
- https://www.careered.org/k14-program-finder/

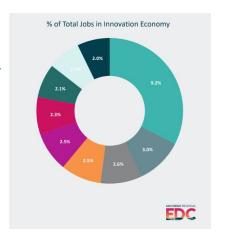
Complement with research

Top innovation economy jobs

Highest growing and paying occupations in our region.

- Software and Web Developers, Programmers, and Testers
- Engineering Technologists and Technicians, Except Drafters
- Electrical, Electronics, and Electromechanical Assemblers
- Biological Scientists
- Logisticians and Project Management Specialists
- Electrical and Electronics Engineers
- Marketing and Sales Managers
- Computer Hardware Engineers
 General and Operations Managers





Why the innovation economy?

The innovation economy is the fastest growing industry cluster in San Diego's economy.



"How do I turn my aspirations into reality?"

College and Career Advising

Articulated Courses are noted in the Course Guide and require a student to pass an exam at the end of the course.

Dual Enrollment Courses are offered in local high schools and may be a CTE course as well.

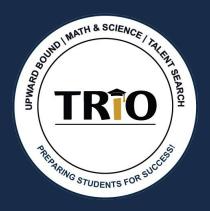
Concurrent Enrollment are courses offered at a community college and are open to anyone.

AP/IB Courses may count for college credit depending on their score on the AP/IB exam.















Get connected to support services!









Questions?

CREATE (create.ucsd.edu)

- Center for Research on Educational Equity, Assessment, and Teaching Excellence
- Teacher Professional Development
- Preferred Partnerships with Faculty and Departments
- Evaluation and Systems Work
- Student Outreach
 - TRIO Outreach Programs
 - Early Academic Outreach Program

























Early Academic Outreach Program (EAOP) (eaop.ucsd.edu)

Sweetwater Union High School District (South Bay)

- Castle Park HS
- Chula Vista HS
- San Ysidro HS
- Southwest HS

San Diego Unified School District (Central)

- Crawford HS
- Madison HS
- Morse HS
- San Diego HS

Imperial County

- Barbara Worth Jr. HS
- Brawley HS
- Calexico HS
- Enrique Camarena Jr. HS
- William Moreno Jr. HS
- Central Union HS
- Wilson Jr. HS
- Herber Middle School
- Holtrive HS
- Imperial HS
- Frank M. Wright Middle
- Mountain Empire HS
- Southwest HS
- De Anza Magnet Elem.
- Kennedy Middle

Coming Soon: Career Pathways Program





Made possible by:



Supported by:

UC San Diego

UC San Diego

WELCOME ABOARD THE



CAREER PATHWAY PROGRAM

We are excited for you to join our program. This service is meant to help and suppoyour postsecondary pursuits and make your career aspirations a reality!

www.eaop.ucsd.edu/careerpathway

Expected Program Launch:

March 11th, 2024

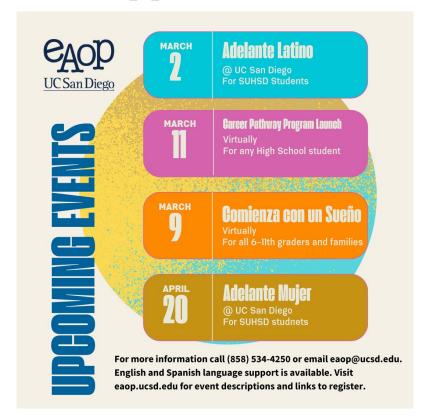
Industry Focus Areas:

- Engineering
- Computing
- Business
- Education
- Health





Upcoming Events/Opportunities



UC San Diego



Connect with us!

UC San Diego Early Academic Outreach Program (EAOP)

Website: eaop.ucsd.edu

Instagram: @ucsandiego_eaop

LinkedIn: UC San Diego Early Academic Outreach Program

Email: eaop@ucsd.edu Phone: (858) 534-4250

